

Savannah River Site – Citizens Advisory Board

Plutonium Consolidation Program Update and the Surveillance Program Update

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Purpose

- To update the SRS CAB on the status of the Plutonium Consolidation Program and the Surveillance Program at the Savannah River Site.



Acronyms

- Pu Plutonium
- DOE Department of Energy
- MT Metric Tons
- STD Standard
- DNFSB Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board
- NDE Non-destructive Examination
- DE Destructive Examination
- DWPF Defense Waste Processing Facility
- MFFF Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication Facility



Plutonium Consolidation

■ Scope

- Quantity: 12.8 Metric Tons (MTs)
- Material: Surplus, Non-Pit Plutonium-239
- Form: Solid form (metal, oxide powder, scrap, and unirradiated fuel)

■ Shipping and Storage

- DOE Standard 3013 Storage Container, except unirradiated fuel
- DOE 9975 Shipping Package (also storage)
- Safe, Secure Transport Trailers

■ Storage Location

- K-Area
- Existing Reactor Building
- Meets 2005 Design Basis Threat Guidance
- Continuous Surveillance to Ensure Safe Storage



3013 Containers



PU Metal Button



Bagless Transfer Can



Sectioned Outer
3013 Can with One
Bagless Transfer
Can



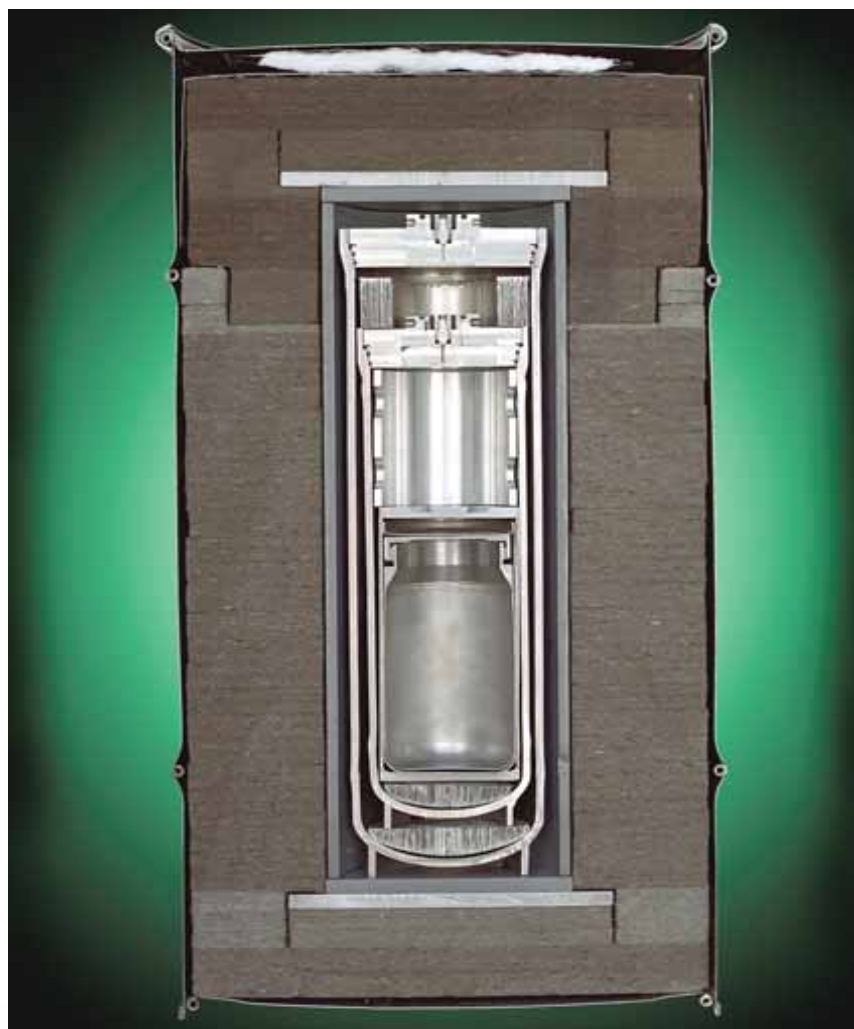
Outer 3013 Can



Exterior View of 9975 Shipping Container



Cross Sectional View of 9975 Shipping Container



KAMS in 2000



KAMS in 2009



Plutonium Consolidation

■ Shipping Sites

- Savannah River – 910 containers (completed)
- Rocky Flats – 1889 containers (completed)
- Hanford – 2257 containers
- Hanford Unirradiated Fast Flux Test Reactor Fuel – 13 casks
- Lawrence Liver National Laboratory – 115 containers
- Los Alamos National Laboratory – 96 containers
- Potential Future Surplus Material Receipts
 - » LLNL and LANL – 500 containers

■ Future Storage Capability

- Pre-Conceptual Design for new Vault (ECD: Sept. 2009)
- Within existing K-Area Reactor Building
- 500 -900 additional storage locations (3013 containers)



Plutonium Consolidation

■ Plutonium Consolidation Rationale

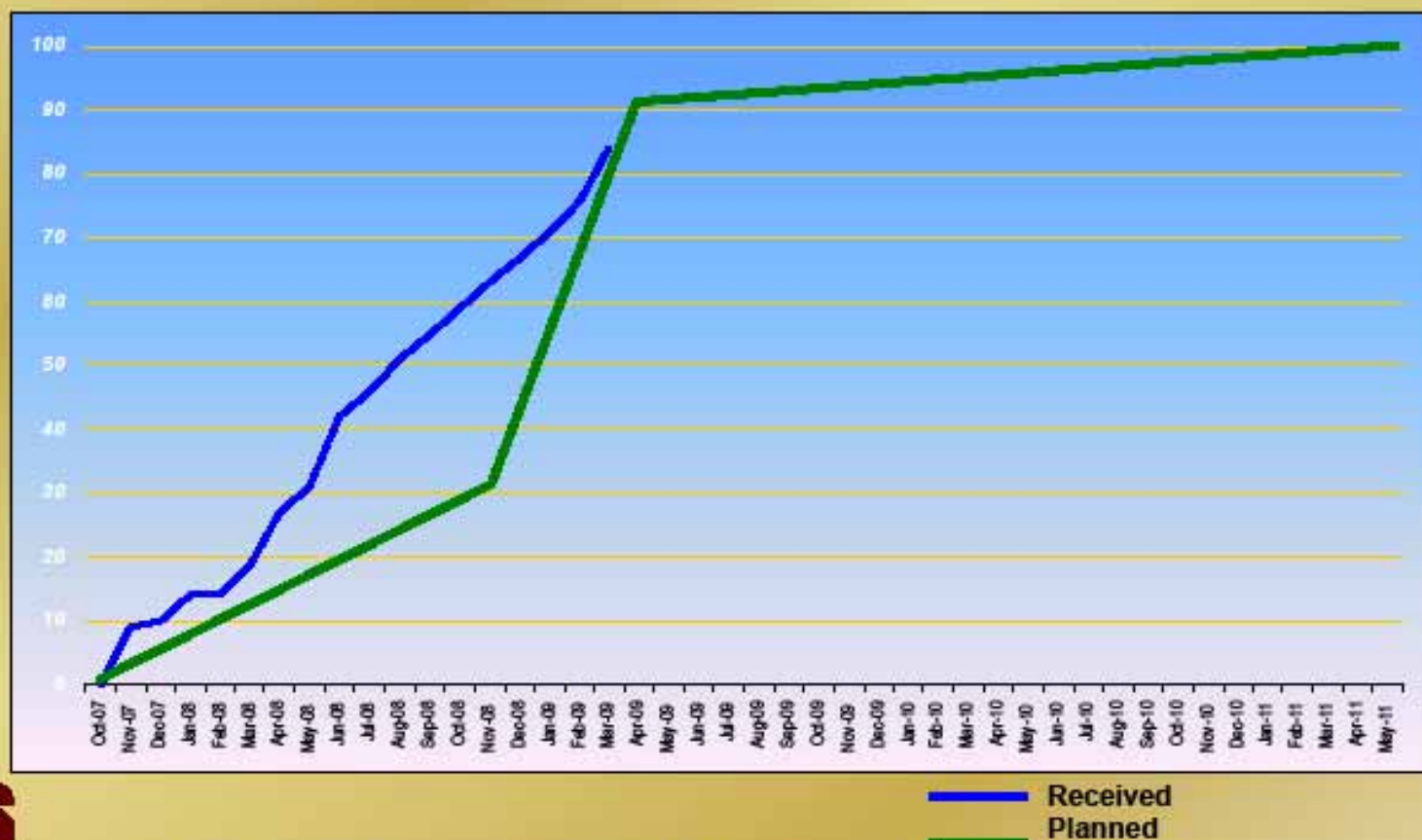
- Reduces risk to public and environment by consolidating to a single location
- Improves Homeland Security
 - » Reduces the number of facilities to protect
- Allow sites to deinventory to meet regulatory commitments
- Significant cost avoidance (billions of dollars) to consolidate surplus nuclear materials at a single location
 - » Eliminates multiple (existing) storage vaults across the complex
 - » Avoid building new storage vaults to replace outdated facilities
 - » Eliminates multiple security projects across the complex
- Allow facilities to close reducing the DOE national nuclear footprint (and avoid operating costs)





EM Non-Pit Pu Consolidation Receipts

Percent of Containers



Note: Reflects campaign extension due to proposed LANL shipment schedule

Data Date 3/31/09

Plutonium Consolidation Summary

- Plutonium Consolidation is 75% complete with an Completion Date of FY2013
- New Vault may be installed to receive all non-pit plutonium
- All plutonium is safely and securely stored in K-Area
- The Department has a pathway for dispositioning plutonium out of South Carolina (H-Canyon/DWPF and MFFF)
- Evaluating alternatives to optimize Plutonium Disposition, forecast completion summer of 2009



Plutonium Surveillance Program



Purpose

- DOE-STD-3013 provides for safe, stable storage of Pu metal and oxide for up to fifty years.
- Surveillance program is required by DOE-STD-3013.
- Surveillances are conducted to ensure continued integrity of 3013 containers during storage and funded under PBS-11C.



Background

- In early 1990's, DOE suspended weapons production operations
 - no long-term plans for storage or disposition of surplus Pu (>50 MT) and other nuclear materials
 - Pu materials in various forms (pits, metal, oxide, residues, scrap, solutions)
 - safety issues associated with storage
- DNFSB Recommendations (1994-1 and 2000-1) identified need for stabilization and safe storage of nuclear materials.
- DOE developed DOE-STD-3013 for long-term storage.



DOE-STD-3013

■ Scope

- Pu plus Uranium (>30 wt%)
- Storage for up to 50 years (3013 container)
- Assurance of safety via a surveillance program (non-destructive exam (NDE) and destructive examination (DE))



DOE-3013 Standard (cont)

■ Stabilization

- Metal
 - » Brush off oxide
 - » No small pieces less than 50 grams
- Oxide
 - » Crush material
 - » Heat to 950°C for minimum of two hours in oxidizing atmosphere
 - ◆ Removes moisture
 - ◆ Removes organics
 - ◆ Reduces particle surface area
 - » Package in dry atmosphere with helium



DOE-3013 Standard (cont)

- Packaging
 - Two nested, welded, leak-tight containers
 - Compatible with material to be stored
 - Outer container must pass 30 ft drop test
 - Outer can must be capable of being designated Safety Class

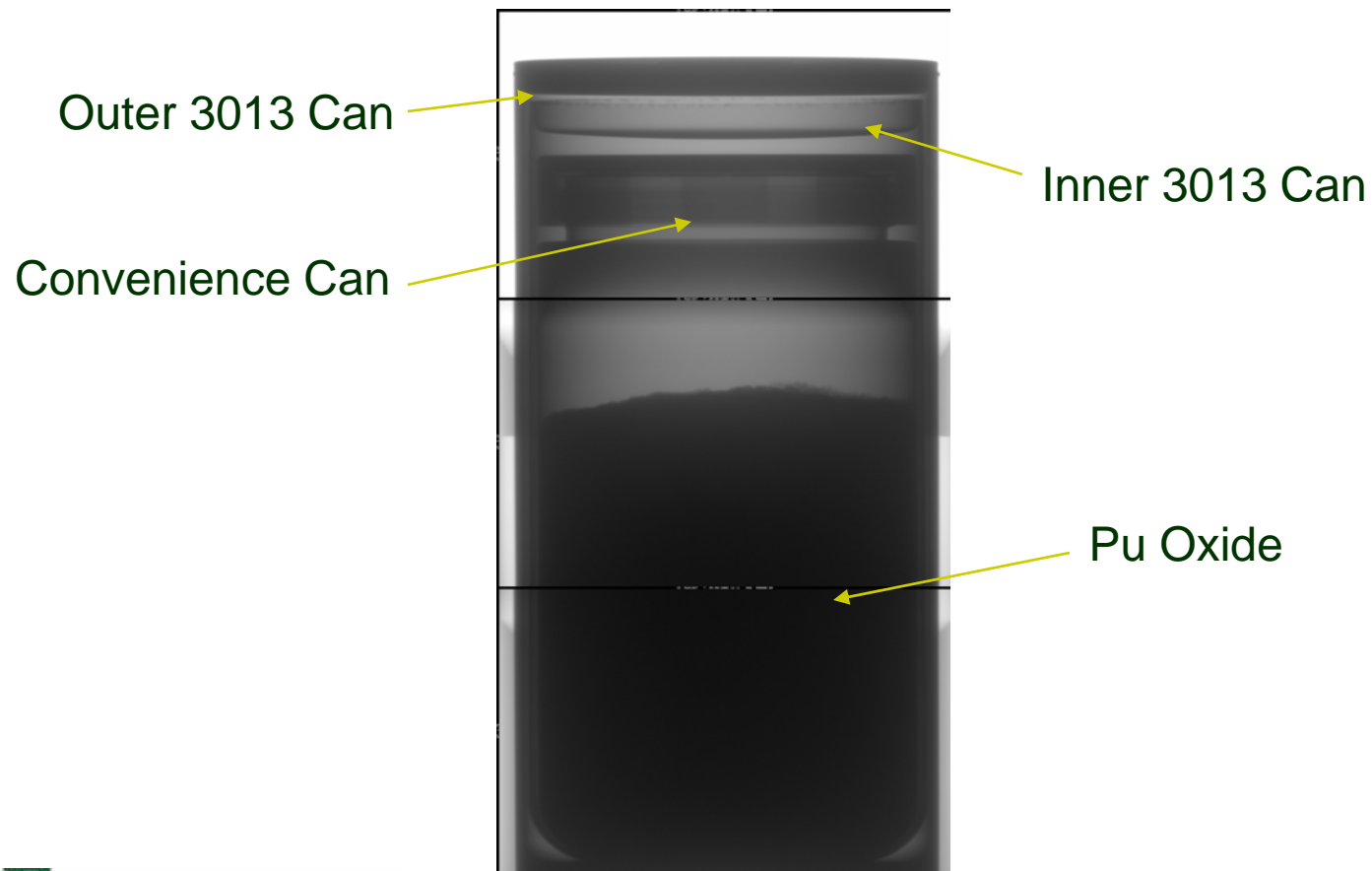


DOE-3013 Standard (cont)

- Surveillance
 - Surveillance and Monitoring program approved 2003 by DOE-EM1
 - NDE looks for pressurization
 - » Began 3 years after packaging (2005)
 - » ~ 40 per year
 - DE looks for corrosion, gas analysis, and material characteristics
 - » Began 5 years after packaging (2007)
 - » ~ 15 per year



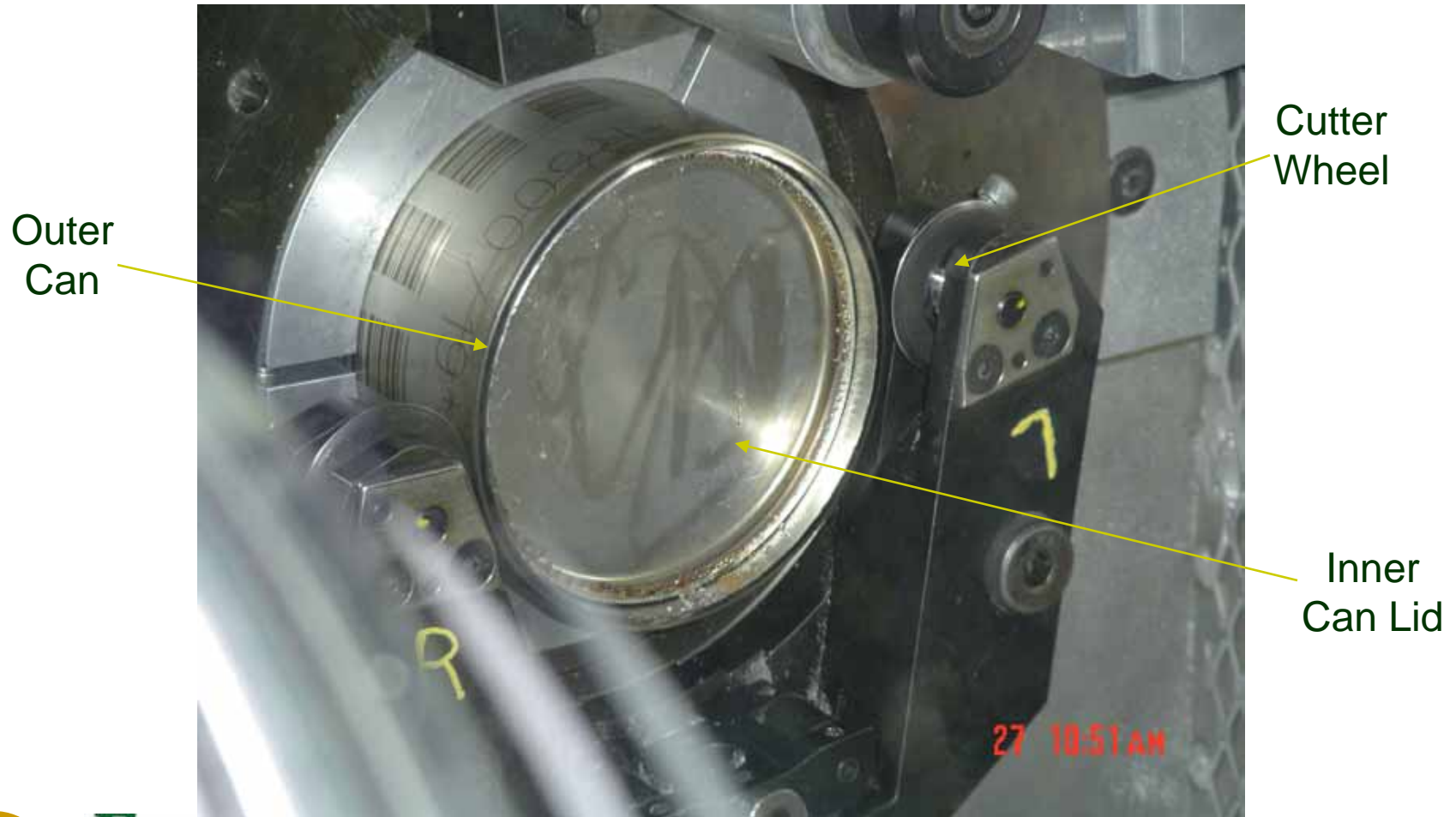
DIGITAL RADIOGRAPHY



CAN PUNCTURE DEVICE



CAN CUTTER



CUT OUTER LID



Pu OXIDE IN CONVENIENCE CAN



Pu OXIDE IN WEIGH PAN



Surveillance Program Results

- Non-Destructive Examinations
 - Containers are intact
 - No visible signs of corrosion on outer can
 - No contamination on outer surface
 - No measurable pressure identified via Radiography
 - No degradation impacting performance of the 9975 shipping container
 - O-rings
 - Fiberboard



Surveillance Program Results

- Destructive Examinations
 - Maximum measured pressure has been less than 15 psig compared to theoretical maximum pressure of 699 psig
 - No flammable gas mixtures (hydrogen with no oxygen)
 - Minimum surface corrosion of convenience can
 - No degradation of inner or outer can



Plutonium Surveillance Program Summary

- Material and packaging performing as predicted in the standard.
- Surveillance program has identified no safety issues that challenge 50 year storage.
- Site will continue to validate safe storage with on-going surveillance program.

