U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY | OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

K Area Overview/Update

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Savannah River Site Citizens Advisory Board
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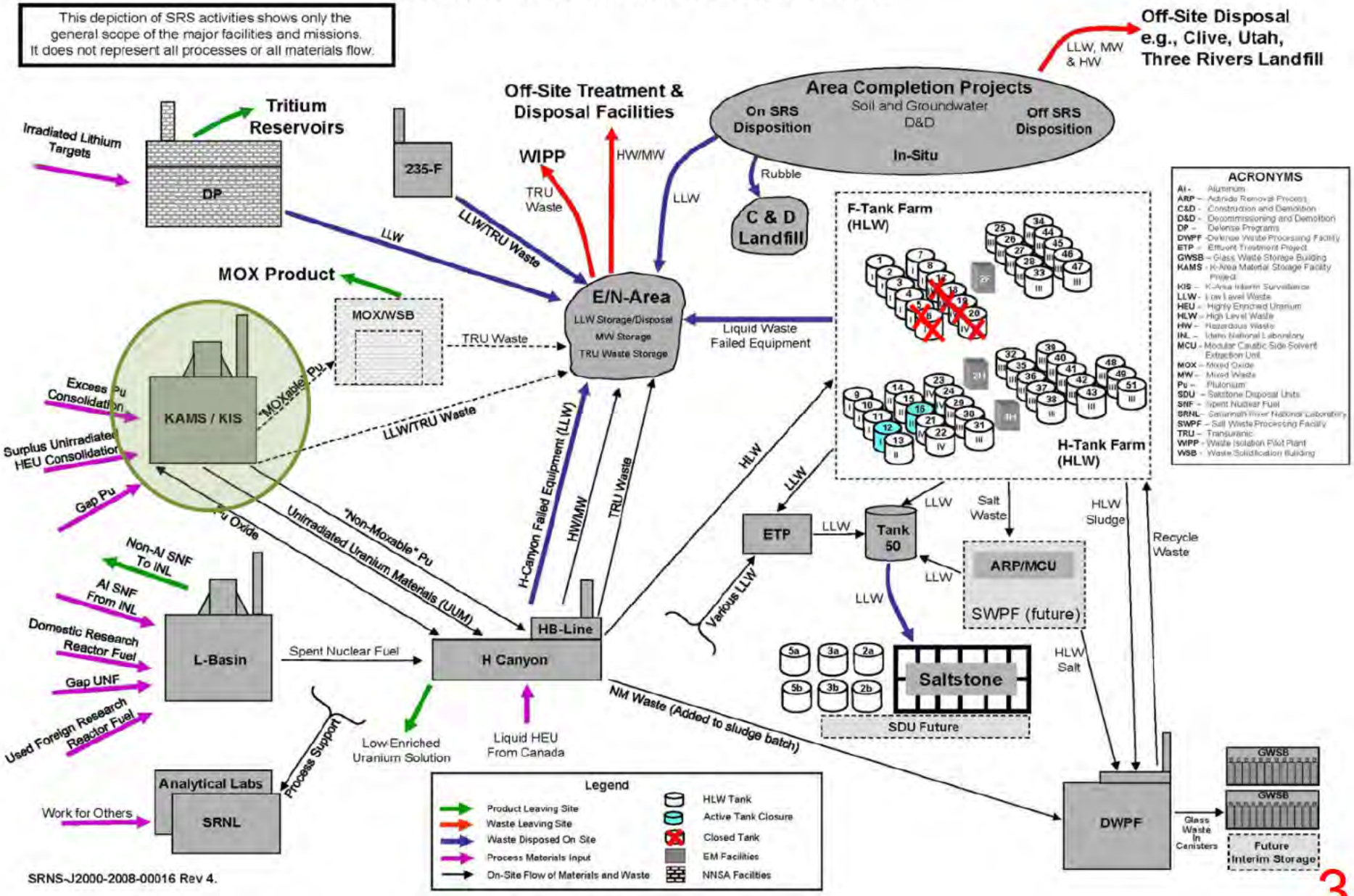
Purpose

- To provide information on K-Area and Plutonium storage which fulfills a 2014 Nuclear Materials Programs work plan item.

Savannah River Site
Waste and Material Flow Path



SRNS-J2000-2008-00016 Rev 4.

Acronyms

DOE- Department of Energy

IAEA - International Atomic Energy Agency

LANL - Los Alamos National Laboratory

LLNL - Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Pu - Plutonium

RFETS - Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site

SRS- Savannah River Site

Plutonium Consolidation

- 1998 Department decided to consolidate non-pit Plutonium from various sites to the Savannah River Site (SRS)
  - Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (RFETS)
  - Hanford Site
  - Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL)
  - Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL)

- 1998 the Department decided to convert the K Reactor to a Plutonium storage facility.

- 2001 Department approved the consolidation of only Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (RFETS) Plutonium to Savannah River Site.

- 2007 Department approved the consolidation of remaining non-pit Plutonium (Pu) to Savannah River Site.
  - Hanford
  - Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL)
  - Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL)

Pu Under Safeguards

- SRS Plutonium under International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)
- Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (RFETS) and Hanford each had Plutonium under International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) safeguards prior to consolidation
- This material was transferred to Savannah River Site and remains under International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) safeguards
- The Department placed additional Plutonium under International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) from material in storage in K Area

K Area Storage in 2000

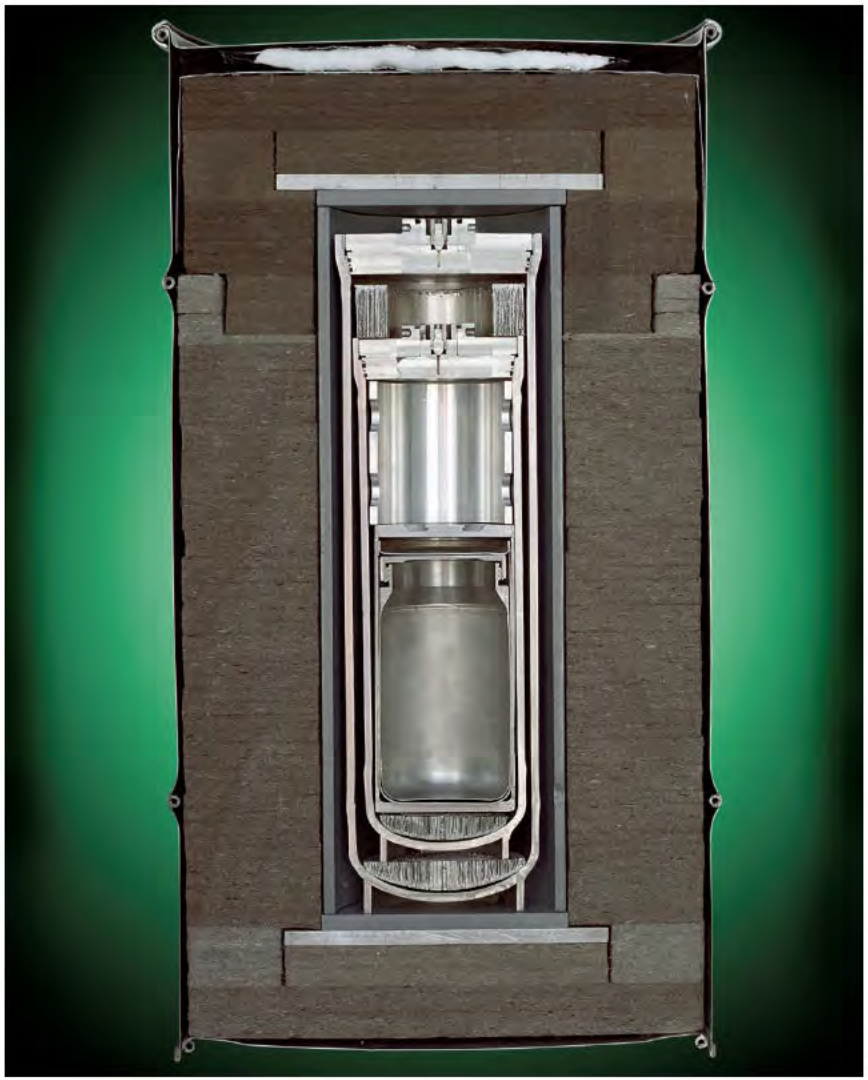
K Area Storage in 2009

K Area Storage Configuration

3013 Container
(~30 lbs.)

9975 Shipping Container
(~400 lbs.)

Cross Sectional of 9975 Shipping Container



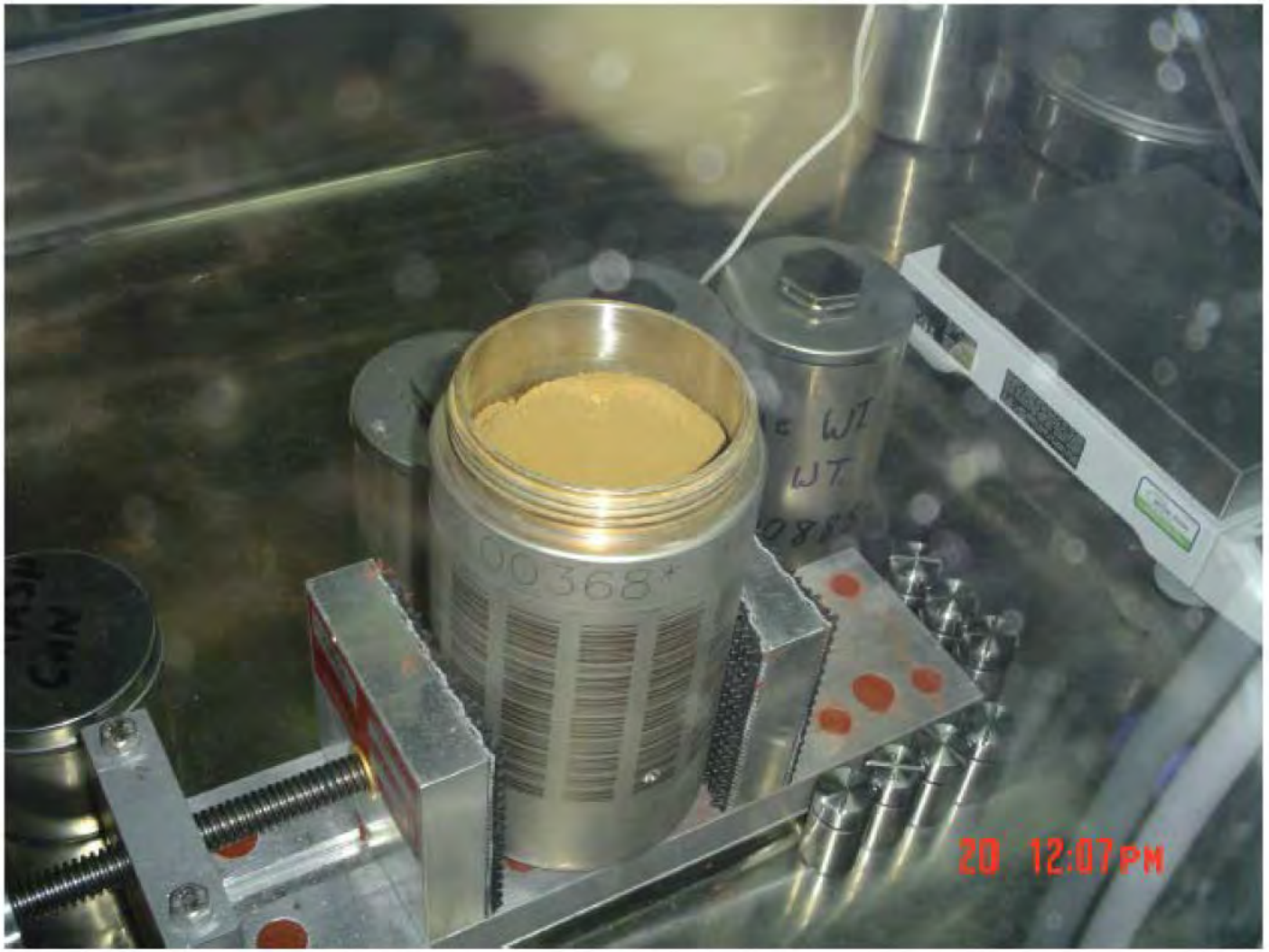
K Area Expansion

- In 2010 the Department initiated a project to expand the storage capacity of K Area.
- The decision to expand K Area capacity was made prior to any discussions concerning Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication project future.
- Phase I was completed and became operational in June 2012.
- Phase II is to be completed and operational in November 2014.
- The expansion added an additional 2500 storage positions.

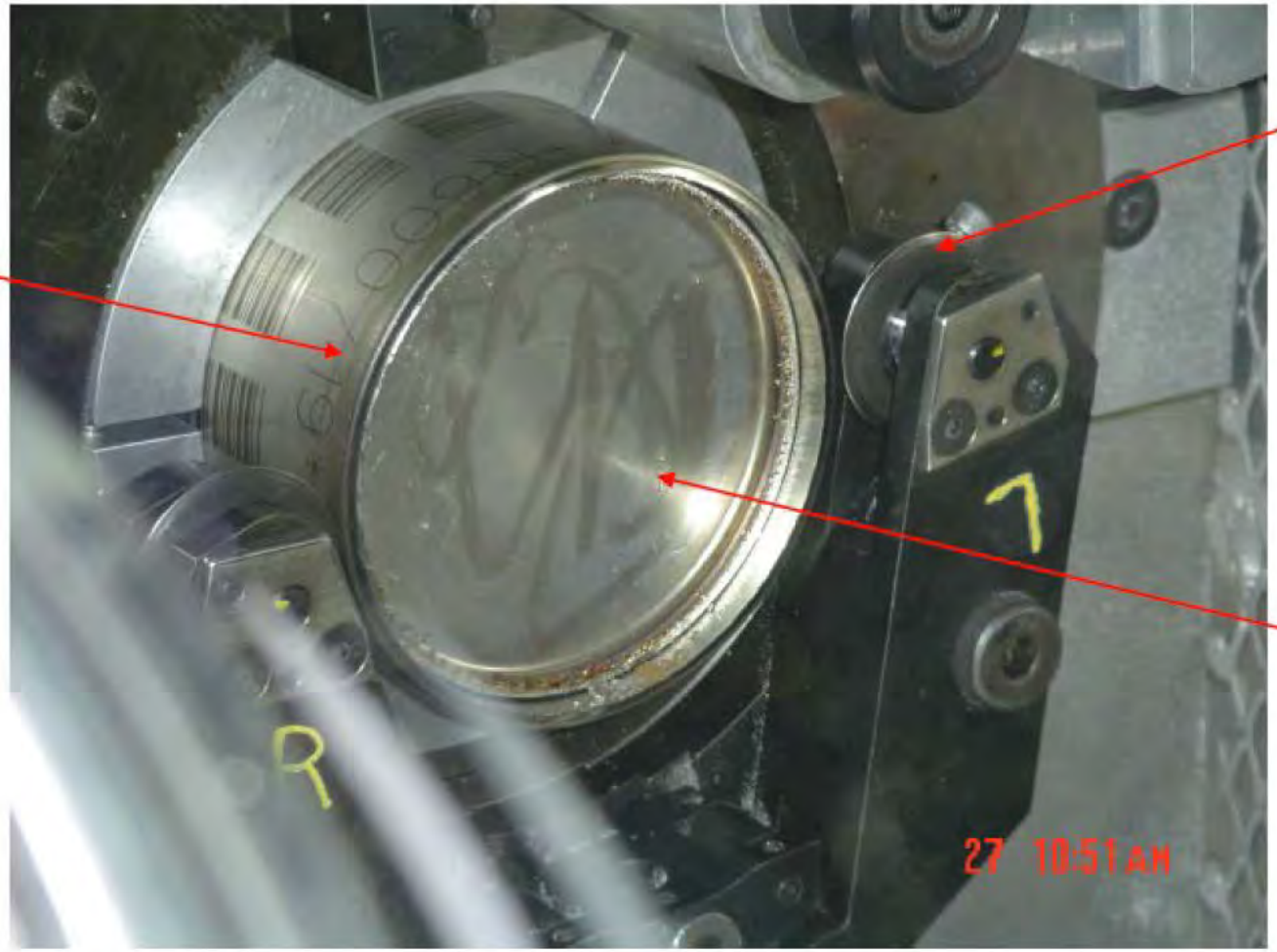
3013 Surveillance Program

- Surveillance and Monitoring program approved 2003
  - Non Destructive Examination (NDE) looks for pressurization
    - » Began 3 years after packaging (2005)
    - » Performing ~ 40 per year
    - » Completed the Non Destructive Examination (NDE)
- Destructive Examination (DE) looks for corrosion, gas analysis, and material characteristics
    - » Began 5 years after packaging (2007)
    - » ~ 15 per year
    - » Currently performing 9 per year due to budget
  - Shelf Life Program being conducted at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) on small scale and large scale samples. Have representative samples of all Plutonium in storage under 3013 program

Convenience Can with Plutonium Oxide



Sectioned 3013 Can Lids



Surveillance Material – Plutonium Oxide

Surveillance Results

- Maximum Pressure inside the 3013 container is less than 20 psi compared to 699 maximum theoretical pressure
- No flammable gas mixtures (hydrogen with no oxygen)
- Some corrosion seen on the convenience can, usually in the gas space or oxide can interface area
- Minimal corrosion in the inner can around the weld area
- Surveillance program has not identified any condition that would challenge the 50 year storage life
- Continue to perform Destructive examinations in K Area and shelf life program at Los Alamos National Laboratory to validate storage life.

Summary

- Plutonium is safely stored in K-Area
- Savannah River Site continues to evaluate storage conditions to ensure safe storage
- Savannah River Site has the experienced staff and facility to handle Plutonium.